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Agriculture Division

Date:	5/21/99	No. of Pages(Including	this page):	9
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Phíl,				
	find the disulfoton monito 2 and 3 as confidential.	ring data transformation	proposal.	Please
If you have any	questions, please contact	me.		

Thank you,

Fax Coversheet

Premjit P. Halarnkar

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Disulfoton Monitoring Data Transformation Proposal

Disulfoton, the parent compound, and 5 of its cholinesterase inhibiting metabolites are included as a group for residue regulation in commodities. Disulfoton monitoring has been included in PDP and FDA commodity surveillance, and some data is available. Unfortunately, these programs have surveyed for the metabolites individually rather than as a group, and frequently only a few of the metabolites were analyzed rather than all. For utilization of this monitoring data in dictary risk assessments some data transformation would be required.

Proposed Methods

When reviewing the monitoring data it was observed that demeton-S-sulfone and disulfoton sulfone were more frequently detected than other metabolites. Data for one of these compounds could be used as a "sentinel" for all the metabolites. The sentinel compound could be used to calibrate the expected residues based on expected percentages of total disulfoton parent and its metabolite residues from detailed metabolism studies. This back calculation would facilitate estimating a summation of all the residues expected. In datasets where both detected and non-detected values were found: for detected residues, the residue would be representative of the sentinel metabolite, and for non-detected residues ½ LOQ would be used to represent the sentinel metabolite for the calculations. For monitoring data where no detectable residues were found, ½ the sentinel LOQ would be used to represent the sentinel metabolite.

Disulfoton metabolism profiles are available for soybeans, kale, lettuce, potato, and wheat. The ratios presented in these profiles can be used as surrogate representations for related crops. The soybean metabolism profile can be used to represent beans and peas. The lettuce metabolism profile can be used to represent the cole crops of broccoli, cabbage, and cauliflower. The approach would be to set the sentinel metabolite equal to the percentage it is found in the representative metabolism profile. Then to back calculate from there what a metabolite group summation would be expected for that observation. Proposals for a sentinel metabolite for crop monitoring data and a representative metabolism profile is presented in the attached Table 1. Tables 2 and 3 contain referenced summaries of the metabolism profiles for each representative crop.

This proposed process is most appropriate for co-mingled food forms where composite residues are used to represent a mixed item consumption. For food forms consumed as single-serving items, additional residue transformation may be needed to represent the data. Decomposition estimations have been proposed for these calculations (Seilken method, Hahn method). For the latest TRAC presentation Mike Metzger presented a monitoring data structuring hierarchy based on the number of detectable residue observations in the dataset. In this hierarchy for single serving item monitoring data, datasets with more than 30 detectable residues would need decomposition; monitoring data with less than 30 detectable residues could be used directly as composited data without decomposition; datasets with no detectable residues could be represented as ½ the LOQ of the composite sample. For co-mingled items, monitoring data

could be used directly without decomposition. Utilizing these principles, decomposition would not be needed for disulfoton as all monitoring datasets contained less than 30 detectable residues for each commodity.

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Table 1. Disulfoton Available Monitoring Data, Sentinel Metabolites, and Metabolism Profile Representatives

	Monitoring	Proposed	All	Metabolism
Crop	Data	Sentinel	Observations	Profile
	Available	Metabolite	Non-detects	Representative
Beans, Dried	FDA	Demeton-S-Sulfone	Demeton-S-Sulfone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ Soybean	Soybean
Beans, Succulent	FDA	Demeton-S-Suffone	Demeton-S-Sulfone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ Soybean	Soybean
Beans, Succulent, Processed	dOd	Demeton-S-Sulfone		Soybean
Broccofi	FDA	Demeton-S-Sulfone		Kale
Cabage	FDA	Demeton-S-Sulfone		Kale
Cauliflower	FDA	Demeton-S-Sultone	Demeton-S-Sultone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ	Kale
Lettuce, Head	FDA	Demeton-S-Sulfone	Demeton-S-Sulfone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ	Lettuce
Lettuce, Leaf	FDA	Demeton-S-Sultone		Lettuce
Peas, Succulent	FDA	Demeton-S-Sulfone	Demeton-S-Sulfone Ali ND, use 1/2 LOQ Soybean	Soybean
Peas, Succulent, Processed	PDP	Demeton-S-Sulfone	Demeton-S-Sulfone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ Soybean	Soybean
Potatoes	PDP	Demeton-S-Sulfone		Potato
Wheat	PDP	Disultoton Sulfone		Wheat
Wik	PDP	Demeton-S-Sulfone	Demeton-S-Sulfone All ND, use 1/2 LOQ Milk	Mik

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FDA DATA FOR DEMETON'S SULFONE

	Total Number Samples	Number of Detects	Range (ppm)
Commudity	Analyzed	Detects 0	ALL ND
Apple Juice	260		ALL ND
Apples	952	0	ALL ND
Apricote	134		ALL ND
Asparagus	142	0	ALL ND
Dry Beans	113	0	ALL ND
Green Heans, Succ.	481	0	ALL ND
Blueberries	177	0	ND to 0.01
Broccoli	274	2	ND to 0.74
Chinese Cabbage	185	2	ND to 0.16
Cabbage, Red & Green	399	4	ALL ND
Cantaloupes	312	0	ALL ND
Carrols	552	0	ALL ND
Cauliflower	236	0	ALL ND
Celety	217	0	ALL ND
Cherries	339	0	ND to 0.6
Collards	121	2	
Sweet com	595	0	ALL ND
Cucumber	345	0	ALLND
Eggplant	123	0	ALL ND
Endive (Curly & Escar.)	129	0	ALL ND
Grapefruit	111	0	ALLND
Grapes	426	0	ALL ND
Kale	102	1	ND to 0.07
Kiwi	121	0	ALLND
Lemons	107	0	ALL ND
Lettuce, head	712	0	ALL ND
Lemice, lesf	625	4	ND to 0.15
Onions, dry bulb	184	0	ALLND
Oranges	606	0	ALL ND
Peaches	586	0	ALL ND
Pears	201	0	ALL ND
	242	0	ALLND
Green peas	259	0	ALLND
Sweet pappers	1042	6	ND to 0.058
Potatoes	103	0	ALLND
Phone Profit	103	0	ALLND
Radish Roots	120	0	ALL ND
Raspbernes	126	0	ALLND
Snow peas	224	- 0	ALLND
Spinach	187	0	ALLND
Symmer squash	632	0	ALLND
Strawberries	1		ALL ND
Sweet Poratocs	212	0 .	ALLND
Tomatoes	485		ALL ND
Watermelon	339	0	7444

PDP DATA FOR DEMETON'S SULFONE

21	Total Number Samples Analyzed	Number of Detects	Range (ppm)	LODS
Apple Juice	132	0	ALL ND	0.003 to 0.006
Apples .	182	0	ALLND	0.003 to 0.06
Carrois	159	0	ALL ND	0.003 to 0.06
Grapes	214	0	ALL ND	0.003 to 0.06
		21	ND to 0.015	0.003 to 0.006
Green Boans, Processed	189			0.001 to 0.003
Milk	474	0	ALL ND	
Orange Juice	108	0	ALL ND	0.003
Oranges	208	0	ALL ND	0.003 w 0.06
Peaches	103	0	ALLND	0.003 to 0.06
Peaches, Canned	115	0	ALLND	0.003
Pears	108	0	ALL ND	0.003
		3	ND to 0.03	0.006 to 0.06
Potatocs	148			0.006 to 0.06
Sweet Com,	190	0	ALL ND	
Processed Sweet Pess,	234	0	ALL ND	0.006 დ 0.06
Processed Spinach	230	2	ND to 0.013	0.003 to 0.06
Sweet Polatoes	308	0	ALL ND	0.003 to 0.006
			ALL ND	0.003 to 0.006
Tomatoes	135		1,5,2	